

LOUGH LENE

Lough Lene is a designated Special Area of Conservation. It's known for its stocks of brown trout, pike and perch. The "cut" at nearby Collinstown is the main access point to this lovely lake.

This picturesque picnic area and slipway has been awarded blueflag status - EU recognition of its excellent water quality and amenity area facilities. Its



water is quite alkaline and it supports a range of pondweeds and stoneworts together with freshwater marsh/fen vegetation. In

BENEDICTINE PRIORY

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The priory, founded before 1200 by the deLacys, contains the most extensive remains of any medieval Benedictine house in Ireland. The first monks were French. Like the previous Irish monastery it suffered various plundering attacks during its lifetime and its towers are demonstrative of the real need for abbey fortifications in the warring medieval times. There is a striking difference between the two monasteries - the buildings at this Anglo-Norman monastery are much more closely clustered than the sprawling nature of St. Fechin's monastery. The remains include a dovecote or columbarium.

THE BARD OF FORE

Michael Walsh was born at the Ben of Fore in 1897 and developed into one of Ireland's finest poets. His work was predominantly inspired by his love of nature and God, and today his poems adorn school-books and religious publications. Having to move out of the area to Wexford shortly after his childhood he was particularly inspired by the memory of springtime gradually enveloping the beauty of the landscape around The Ben.

LANDSCAPE

Fore lies in a valley nestled between two ranges of hills, dominated to the north-east by The Ben of Fore and to the south-west by the steeply rising Carrick Balor or "The Rock". It is possible to climb Carrick Balor (meaning "Rock of the evil eye") passing by the Anchorite's Cell along the way.



Fore is an important example of an early Christian settlement which was converted by the Anglo-Normans into a chartered walled town with an important Benedictine priory. It continues to be occupied today and is famous throughout the land as "The Place of Seven Wonders". Fore takes its name from the Irish "Fobhair" meaning spring, referring to the water that turned St. Fechin's Mill. St. Fechin is said to have built a mill at Fore, a place which had neither river or stream flowing through it. Fechin walked to Lough Lene, and with his staff struck the base of the hill walked to Lough Lene, and with his staff struck the lase of the hill under the hill to the mill thereby powering it!

Z Monders of Fore

Stone lintel raised by St. Fechin's prayers

Tree which will not burn

Mill without a mill race Water which flows uphill

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Water which will not boil

Monastery built on a bog

Anchorite in a stone



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A VISITOR'S GUIDE



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ANCHORITE'S CELL

The Anchorite's Cell is the small tower with attached chapel that lies further up the hill beyond St. Fechin's Church. The tower is composed of two storeys, the lower storey being vaulted. A circular stairs enclosed in a turret gives access to the second storey. The tower was the residence of a number of anchorites or hermits, men who deliberately chose a life of solitude and prayer. The most famous anchorite who resided in the tower at Fore was one Patrick Beglin whose epitaph engraved on a stone slab can still be seen in the tower. The small chapel attached to the tower contains in a vault under the chapel the crypt or burial place of the Nugent family of Clonyn Castle Delvin, Earls of Westmeath.



ST. FECHIN'S CHURCH

St. Fechin founded a monastery here around 630AD. The monastery flourished and at it's height is said to have had more than 300 monks together with 2000 students studying here. The site of the monastery was located on the hillside by St Feichin's church. The church, dating perhaps from the 10th century, was originally a simple rectangular structure, with projecting side walls and a Greek cross in relief over the lintelled doorway. A chancel was added about 1200 and two east windows were inserted about 1500, when the building possibly functioned as a parish church. Legend has it that it was St. Fechin himself that placed the lintel over the door. Apparently the workmen were unable to lift the stone so one day after their breakfast they returned to find it miraculously in place!

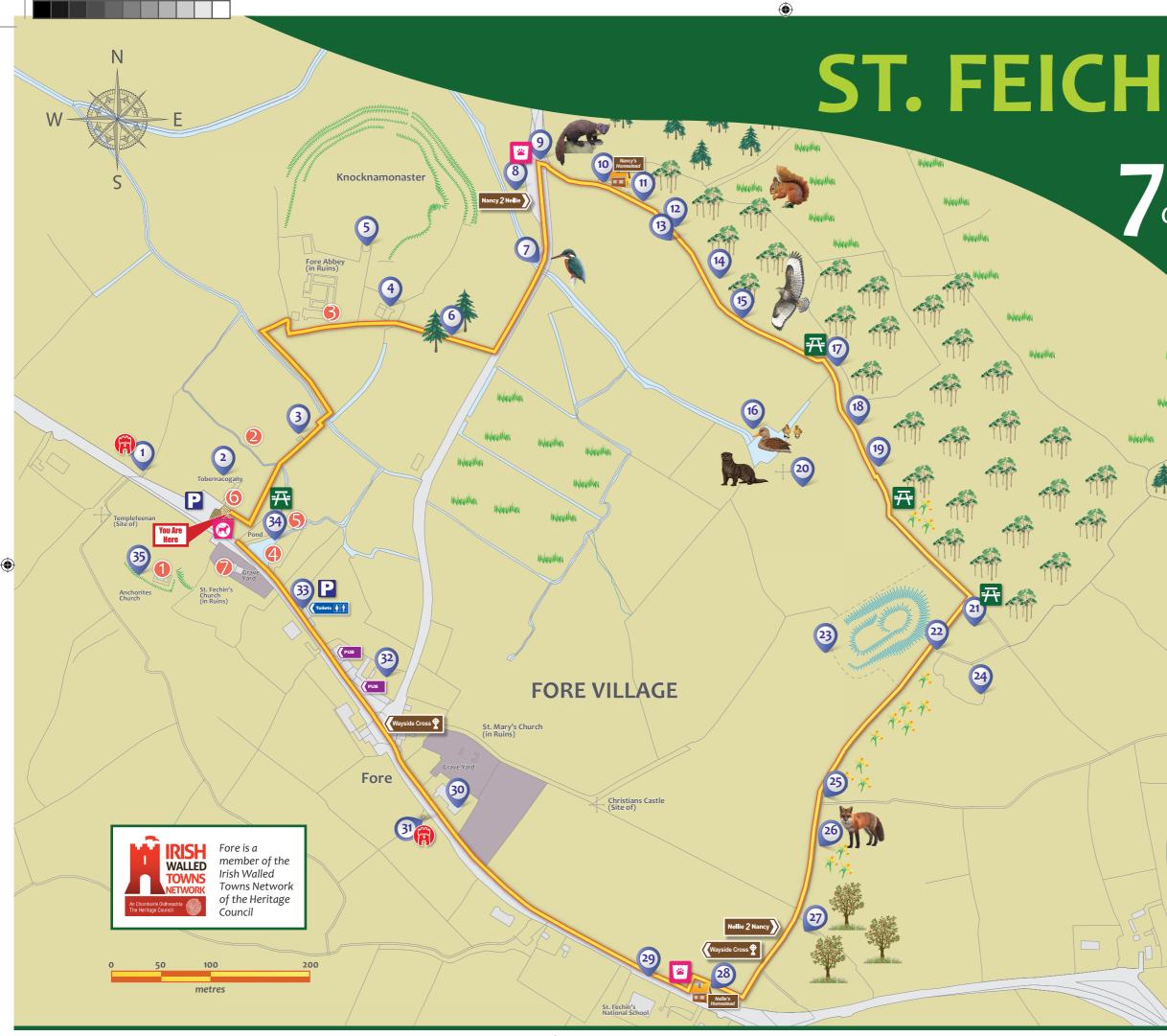
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areas alongside the lake are patches of wet woodland inhabited by willows, birch and alder together with some adjacent areas of Common Reed. Fish and bird life includes Freshwater Crayfish, Mute Swan, Teal, Mallard, Great-crested Grebe, Grey Heron and Cormorant.

The lake is also famous for what is known as the Lough Lene Bell now housed in the National Museum, a replica of which is used to bring the Dáil (Irish Parliament) to order!













Find out more on VisitWestmeath.ie, DiscoverIreland.ie/Irelands-Hidden-Heartlands or download the Visit Westmeath app for Android or Apple. Choose from a range of excellent accommodation options in Fore and scenic North Westmeath. Don't leave without a visit to one of Fore's excellent coffee shops, public houses or the Fore Distillery. Nearby attractions include Tullynally Castle and Gardens, Mullaghmeen Forest, Lough Lene and Lough Crew Cairns.

	N	'S 3km		VAY oped Walk
Wonders of Fore				Anchorite in a stone
of Fore			2	Water which will not boil
U)			3	Monastery built on a bog
			4	Mill without a mill race
			5	Water which flows uphill
			6	Tree which will not burn
Aroberstelle	9 4		0	Stone lintel raised by St. Fechin's prayers
hilupasillilapa	=	3km Looped Walk	Dog	Poo Bin Parking
	7	Picnic Bench Area	🛎 Dog	Poo Bags 👘 Gate
	1	West Gate	19	St. Fechin's Rejected Stone
	2	Tobernacogany	20	Site of Toberfoolagh or Lassair's Well
	3	St. Fechin's Bath	21	Beehive
	4	Gate House	22	Rememberance Garden
	5	Dovecote	23	Motte & Bailey Castle
	6	Eucharistic Walkway	24	Gallows Hill
	7	Bridge over Glore	25	Carving of St. Fechin

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Rememberance Garden

Carving of Goddess Ériu

Nancy's Homestead

Nancy's Fruit Garden

Beech Tree 300 yr

Hedgehog Hut

Buzzard Habitat

River Glore Rises

Pine Forest Walk

Fairy Garden

0ak Plantation

26 Daffodil Walk

27 School Orchard

28

Nellie's Homestead

Michael Walsh, Bard of Fore, Memorial

30 St. Fechin's (R.C. Church)

31 South Gate

32 Old Gaol

33 Coffee Shop

34 St Feichin's Mill

Rock of Fore & Carrick Balor



Ireland's Hidden HEARTLANDS